

Partly cloudy to light; threatening weather Thursday, probably rain in the afternoon or night; light to fresh winds, becoming easterly.

NUMBER 1119.

WASHINGTON, WEDNESDAY, MARCH 1, 1899.

PRICE ONE CENT.

SPAIN ENCOUNTERS A CABINET CRISIS

Senor Sagasta and His Ministers Resign.

The Queen Regent Requests the Premier to Resume Office.

Not Expected That the Resignations Will Affect Relations Between This Country and Spain.

Madrid, March 1.—Premier Sagasta and the ministry have resigned. The Queen Regent has asked Senor Sagasta to resume his office and then dissolve the Cortes. The two chambers will not meet until the crisis is over.

The State Department has received no official notification of the resignation of Premier Sagasta and the ministry, and does not expect to, inasmuch as this government has no representative in Spain who would cable such information. Whether



Senor Sagasta.

the Ambassador to France or some other diplomatic representative of the United States in Europe would cable the facts, but that would be the only way in which the fact would be officially communicated.

It is not believed here that the withdrawal of the Spanish Premier will have any international effect. An official of the State Department said this afternoon that, considered from an international point of view, it would have no more effect than would the resignation of the Secretary of State of the United States, while the Senate here was considering the Treaty.

It does not in any sense lessen Spain's obligation to ratify the Treaty of Peace arranged by the country's commissioners with the American representatives in Paris.

The situation there is in many respects similar to that which existed in the United States while the ratification of the Treaty was being discussed in the Senate here. Its opponents in the Cortes are making a determined fight against it, and the Spanish government finds the same difficulty in carrying the measure through which was experienced by this government.

What effect the resignation of Sagasta will have on the domestic policy of Spain remains to be seen. The official withdrawal was purely a matter of domestic politics, and was doubtless fraught with significance to the government of Spain. Just what its effect will be, however, he said, no one at this distance can say with any assurance.

He said, however, that the Premier's resignation would not affect the relations between this country and Spain in the slightest degree. Spain will be expected to go ahead with the ratification of the Treaty, regardless of the action of her minister of state. It is considered likely that Sagasta's resignation would have a decided influence on the action of the Cortes, but it is not in any way a matter for international interference.

CAME IN LIKE A LAMB.

March came in like a lamb today. The entire country east of the Rocky Mountains was flooded with sunshine during the early hours of the morning, and if the old prophecy saying holds true, storms will be in order this afternoon, and March will go out like a lion.

The weather bureau, in its morning bulletin, was not able to say how long the fair weather would last. It rather predicted a change on account of the decidedly unsettled conditions along the North Pacific. It was predicted that the disturbance, which has spread over the entire West since Tuesday, would again recur.

In the upper Ohio Valley there was a considerable drop in temperature, and in the central valleys and lake regions the very line extended into southwestern Wisconsin.

It was reported that the winds along the Atlantic coast were fresh and brisk, blowing toward the Atlantic. Rain and winds are predicted by the weather bureau for the entire east coast tomorrow.

Victims of a Gasoline Explosion. Philadelphia, March 1.—Clara Myers and Jennie Merritt, who were burned by the explosion of a gasoline stove while visiting at 1836 North Front Street, yesterday, are both dead from injuries. Jennie Merritt died last night and Clara Myers lingered until 7 o'clock this morning. Before breathing her last, Clara Myers said she was filling the cylinder of the oil stove while it was lit and the explosion followed immediately.

Lord Charles Beresford Departs. New York, March 1.—Lord Charles Beresford sailed for England this morning on the American liner St. Louis. Many prominent merchants were at the pier to see him off. He expressed himself as being much pleased with his visit to this country, and added that he would return in the near future.

Naval Appropriation Bill. The first reading of the Naval appropriation bill was begun by the Senate at 1 o'clock today.

Influenza Attacks the Carina. St. Petersburg, March 1.—The Carina is suffering from an attack of influenza. Flynn's Business College, 5th and K. Business, shorthand, typewriting—\$3 a year.

AN ATTACK ON GAUDELOUPE.

Insurgent Sharpshooters' Position Bombarded by American Forces.

Manila, March 1.—Gaudeloupe, a stronghold of the insurgents, where sharpshooters have been annoying the Americans, was bombarded this morning by a gunboat in La Guadalupe Bay and Scott's Battery, of the Sixth Artillery.

It is estimated that fifty of the enemy were killed. One Californian was wounded.

A battalion of the California regiment embarked this morning on the St. Paul for Negros.

Advices from Iloilo report desultory firing on the pickets.

Chaplain Lewis J. Leland, of the Tennessee regiment, died at Iloilo of smallpox.

Prince Lowenstein-Wartheim, who has been advertised as missing, has been living here since last July. He is supposed to be a German agent.

OUT OF DRY DOCK.

The Monterey Leaves Hongkong for Manila This Morning.

Admiral Dewey cables the Navy Department this morning that the double-turreted monitor Monterey, which has been in dry dock at Hongkong for some time past, left that port for Manila this morning.

The gunboat Castine, on her way to join Admiral Dewey sailed from Suva for Aden this morning. The Castine is only about a mile behind the gunboat Princeton which left Suva yesterday after undergoing some necessary repairs.

The Sherman Reaches Perim. The transport Sherman, with the Third Infantry and a battalion of the Seventeenth Infantry, bound for Manila, arrived at Perim this morning. She will take on coal and will probably sail this evening or tomorrow morning.

GENERAL REYNOLDS' FUNERAL.

Loyal Legion Attends the Services in a Body.

The funeral services over the remains of the late Major Gen. Joseph J. Reynolds, whose death occurred last Saturday, was held this morning at 11 o'clock from the late home of the deceased, 1614 S Street. The house was crowded with the many friends of the deceased and the floral offerings were beautiful and elaborate, the service being a simple one, the funeral being especially appropriate.

The Rev. J. B. Perry, pastor of St. Andrew's Church, officiated, observing the religious duties of the deceased. In his address he paid a sincere tribute to the memory of the departed soldier, recalling his many services for his country in times of peace as well as war. The Communion of the Episcopal Church was then administered.

After the services at the house the remains, enclosed in a black cloth casket draped with the American flag, were placed on a caisson, and escorted by a detachment of artillerymen from the Arsenal, under a verdant canopy of Captain Coffin, were borne to Arlington.

At the grave the ceremonies were conducted by the officers of the Loyal Legion. The chaplain, James T. Bradford, read the burial service of the order, after which rays were sounded and the last volleys fired over the grave.

The honorary pallbearers were: Gen. Rufus Saxton, Gen. H. C. Wright, Gen. T. M. Vincent, Gen. J. P. Hawkins, Gen. John Moore, Gen. H. V. Boynton, Justice Harlan, and Judge Staunton Peck.

DREYFUS TO BE TRIED AGAIN.

Premier Dupuy Unfolds the Programme of the Government.

Paris, March 1.—A friend of Premier Dupuy said the following as the government's programme regarding the Dreyfus affair. The first step will be by the final of the United Chambers of the Court of Cassation, to secure for the prisoner a retrial. This to be held in open session and a verdict acquittal to be returned by the whole court.

In order not to offend the army Captain Dreyfus, as the government's plan runs, is to receive a commutation for which alleged degradation now is to be restored to rank as an officer.

FRANCE EXPECTS THE QUEEN.

She May Visit the Riviera, Avoiding Paris En Route.

Paris, March 1.—Notwithstanding reports from London of a postponement, it is fully expected here that the Queen will visit France early this month.

The schedule of the Queen's visit to the Riviera avoids Paris.

BALLOTING IN HARRISBURG.

Over Two Hundred Votes Cast, But No Election Results.

Harrisburg, Pa., March 1.—Today's joint ballot for United States Senator resulted as follows:

Quay, 165; Jenks, 89; Duffell, 18; Irvin, 4; Smith, 3; Stone, 1; Rice, 2; Riser, 2; Rice, 2; Grow, 1; Widener, 2; Riser, 2; Markle, 1; Smith, 1. Total votes cast, 226. Necessary to a choice, 113.

FROM COURT TO SENATE.

Justice McCombs to Retire From the Bench on Friday.

Louis H. McCombs, Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the District, will sever his connection with the District judiciary on Friday, and the following day, March 4, enter upon his duties as United States Senator from the State of Maryland.

PRESIDENT TO TAKE A COAST VOYAGE

Friends Fear His Nervous System Will Break Down.

Mr. McKinley Receives Many Calls Today.

His Signature Attached to Several Important Measures Concerning the District of Columbia.

President McKinley is looking forward to the adjournment of Congress with relief. It means rest for him.

For over a year he has devoted from twelve to sixteen hours a day to work, and until lately has not been able to rest on Sundays. Even his visits to various cities, necessitated a vast amount of work and proved to be more tiring than restful.

Considerable apprehension is felt by the friends of the President, that his nervous system may become wrecked, if he is not soon relieved of the strain of office. In order that Mr. McKinley may obtain a little recreation, several tempting excursions have been arranged and proposed to him by his friends, who endeavor to persuade him to indulge in a relaxation.

Arrangements are now being made for a sea voyage along the coast of the Southern States on the dispatch boat Dolphin. Secretary Long's dinner aboard this yacht last night was given for the purpose of allowing Mr. McKinley to inspect the quarters of the Dolphin and to make arrangements for the accommodation of Mrs. McKinley in order that she may have every comfort on the trip.

The date of departure has not been determined and the length of time to be devoted to recreation is not known. The party will consist of only the President and Mrs. McKinley and a few of their intimate friends.

Senator Hoar was the first visitor at the White House this morning. He remained for an hour nearly an hour, and was then called by the President.

He called particularly to ask the promotion of Col. Edmund Rice, of Massachusetts, to the rank of brigadier general.

Among the other congressional visitors were Senators Cullum, Gray, Sewell, Penrose, Spooner, and Wilson.

Representative S. W. Smith called to inquire about the bill for the relief of the President. He also called to see the President.

Maurice Huttin, General Director of the new Panama Canal Company, this morning presented to the President a written statement containing the proposition of the newly organized company, by which it hopes to co-operate with the Government in building the Panama Canal.

The proposition is that the company will build the canal, and in return the Government will grant the company a controlling interest in the canal, and to furnish a substantial financial guarantee that the company will complete the work in seven to ten years.

The President this morning signed a number of Congressional bills, among them being an act, granting to the Clearwater Valley Railroad Company a right-of-way through the Nez Percés Indian lands in Idaho.

The joint resolution to prevent the spread of contagious disease in the District of Columbia was also approved, as were the following:

An act for the relief of Mrs. Harriet A. Ferguson; an act relative to the payment of claims for material and labor furnished to the District of Columbia; an act to provide for an appropriate national celebration of the establishment of the seat of Government in the District of Columbia; the joint resolution authorizing the commissioners of the District of Columbia to alter, amend or repeal certain health ordinances; an act to authorize the Secretary of the Interior to rent or lease certain lands in the forest reserve; an act providing for the sale of the surplus land on the Potomac and Kickapoo Indian reservations in Kansas; to remove the charge of desertion from the naval record of Hiram G. Reed; and an act for the relief of the heirs of Minnie Frederich.

THE CENSUS BILL.

The House Considers in the Senate Amendments.

The House this morning concurred in the Senate amendments to the Census bill. The changes are largely verbal, only two being of special importance. By one the Census of 1900 is made a bureau of the Interior Department, instead of an independent bureau. The Director, however, is to retain full control of the office and the appointments, and is to have a separate disbursing officer. The important change is to require the 26th representative to be confirmed by the Senate.

TO PAY TREASURY CLERKS.

Proposed Amendment to the General Deficiency Bill.

Senator Stewart today proposed an amendment to the General Deficiency bill appropriating \$2,765,539.

The purpose of this bill is to pay certain clerks in the office of the Treasurer of the United States for extra work.

RUSHING LEGISLATION.

House Pushing Measures Through in Great Hasten.

The House rushed business this morning. Conference reports on the Omnibus, Claims, Naval Personnel, and Census bills and on the bill for the reimbursement of governors for war expenses were agreed to before 3 o'clock, after little or no debate.

Half a dozen minor conference reports were also agreed to. All of these matters took time, statements from the conferees having to be read in each instance, but did not add greatly to the stock of public information, as the gist of the reports was already known.

The Army bill was reported without amendment and the Rivers and Harbors bill was sent to conference under suspension of the rules, without a fight. The Sundry Civil bill suffered a like fate. Representative Berry's building bill, for Correll, Ky., on which the previous question had been ordered, was read and passed, the House approving the popular Kentucky.

February's Revenue Receipts. For the shortest month in the year, that which ended yesterday, has done remarkably well in the way of revenue, the total receipts having amounted to \$37,979,332, of which \$16,521,572 was derived from customs, \$19,242,300 from internal taxes, and \$1,815,461 from miscellaneous sources. The total customs receipts was especially gratifying, exceeding as it did the total of any previous February since 1882, when it amounted to \$16,536,000. The expenditures of the month amounted to \$4,688,000, leaving a deficit of \$4,708,667.

THE CANAL BILL.

The Indications Are That the Measure is Defeated.

The Nicaragua Canal bill is defeated. As the Nicaragua Canal bill is defeated, its supporters have been bought off by the public building lot distributed yesterday. Unless some new factor comes in, the fate of the canal is sealed.

In the House this morning, Chairman Burton reported the River and Harbor bill. He moved that the House should suspend the rules and non-concur in the Senate amendments and ask a conference. He stated that the Rivers and Harbors Committee unanimously favored this action.

Accordingly the conference was ordered by an apparently unanimous vote, and the Speaker appointed Representatives Burton, Reeves and Catchings as House conferees.

It is understood that the conference committee will agree to substitute the Benton resolution, possibly with amendments, for the Senate item, and that in this form the bill will pass. This, however, is only an understanding, and the conferees may decide to strike out the item altogether.

This action marks the close of what many consider a most disgraceful dicker. It cost the Government some \$8,000,000 in public building bills yesterday to bring it about, the Rivers and Harbors Committee adjourning over Saturday in order to see that the bargain was carried out before its members would agree to let the bill go to conference. The impression prevailed that the members generally were willing to sell out the canal in order to assure their public buildings, and to increase the chances of their river and harbor work.

Mr. President: I have the honor to place in your hands the bill for the relief of the President, which I have introduced as a private bill, and which I have introduced as a private bill, and which I have introduced as a private bill.

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PRESENTS HIS CREDENTIALS.

The President Receives the New Minister From Colombia.

Senator Don Cipriano Calderon, the newly appointed Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary from Colombia, called at the State Department this morning and later, accompanied by Secretary Hay, visited the White House and formally presented his credentials to the President.

Senator Don Julio Rengifo, charge d'affaires ad interim, was also in the party. The President received his visitors in the East Room of the mansion where Secretary Hay ministered to the refreshments. Formal greetings were exchanged, and Senator Calderon said:

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RUDYARD KIPLING'S FEVER LESSENING

Improved Symptoms Appear During the Morning.

Delirium Followed by a Natural and Refreshing Sleep.

Though Not Out of Danger, He is Resting Quietly—Ground to Hope for His Recovery.

New York, March 1.—Though Rudyard Kipling's condition is such that he is yet within the pale of danger, there is a slow but seemingly certain change for the better. His condition still warrants apprehension according to statements made by physicians to the friends of Mr. Kipling. Last night Mrs. Janeway and Dunham stated that they had discontinued the use of oxygen as it was no longer necessary.

The persisting inflammation in the upper lobe of the lung was, however, still manifest. Along toward morning Mr. Kipling fell into a refreshing sleep and did not awake until after 7 o'clock.

About 5 o'clock Dr. Dunham came down stairs and said, "I am very well satisfied with Mr. Kipling's condition at present and he is resting quietly."

It was apparent from the tone of the doctor that he was not so anxious as he had been in the last few days. When Dr. Dunham came down at 8 o'clock he gave out the following bulletin: "The patient is resting quietly and is showing a tendency to improve."

At 1:30 this afternoon Mr. Kipling's condition, it was said at the Hotel Grenville, was unchanged. The patient is evidently holding his own.

ONE OF LIFE'S MISERIES.

Woman Arrested for Stealing to Buy Her Husband Medicine.

New York, March 1.—Mrs. Mary Barnett, a comely woman of fifty years, spent last night a prisoner in Raymond Street jail, because she stole a cheap gold ring, which she pawned in order that her husband, James Barnett, should have medicine.

Barnett lay in the Williamsburg Hospital at South Third Street and Bedford Avenue last night, dying slowly of consumption. He was taken to the hospital after the arrest of his wife yesterday morning.

Former Alderman Louis A. Cohen, of the Sixteenth ward, caused the arrest of Mrs. Barnett. He charged the woman in the Eastern District police court, yesterday, with having stolen a ring while nursing his mother.

Mrs. Barnett admitted taking the ring, but said that she had done so in order to relieve the condition of her dying husband. Mr. Cohen had a warrant issued for the woman's arrest, and Policeman Holderlein, of the 16th Street police court, went to 63 Scholes Street and arrested Mrs. Barnett.

Magistrate Kramer sympathized with Mrs. Barnett when she told her story in court.

"We were not always poor," said the woman, as she burst into tears. "I could not see James die for want of medicine so I took the ring."

The magistrate had no other course but to commit the woman to jail, but he instructed Policeman Holderlein to have a physician go to see the dying man. Dr. Cohen was called, and he said that Barnett could only live but a few days at the most.

As the Eastern District Hospital is crowded with patients, Barnett was taken to the Williamsburg Hospital, where it was said last night that he was sinking rapidly.

MR. FORAKER'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. Gorman Thinks It Has a Prospect of Adoption.

Senator Gorman thinks there is a very fair prospect of the adoption by the Senate of Senator Foraker's amendment to the Army bill, relative to franchises and troops in Cuba.

Some of the Republicans, and especially those who hope eventually for the annexation of Cuba have intimated they will oppose the amendment.

Just now they are averse to being quoted.

SMALLPOX IN NEW YORK.

Measures Taken to Prevent It From Spreading.

New York, March 1.—Several cases of smallpox have been reported to the board of health, and steps are being taken to prevent contagion. Patients have been sent to the Riverside Hospital, on North Brother Island, and all persons who have been in any way exposed are being offered vaccination by the health board inspectors.

Dr. Charles Roberts, the sanitary superintendent of the health board, advises persons who have not been vaccinated recently to be vaccinated. The city furnishes vaccination free to all who apply at its bureau.

It is the practice of the health board to offer vaccination to all persons living within a radius of four blocks of a dwelling in which a case of smallpox has been found, and this was being done yesterday. There is no law providing for compulsory vaccination, but physicians of the health department encounter little opposition to it on their rounds.

By fumigation, isolation, and watching carefully for possible cases, the health department succeeds in preventing the spread of the disease.

MR. MINTYRE IN TROUBLE.

Congressman Charged With Bumping His Housekeeper's Head.

Baltimore, March 1.—Congressman McIntyre was arrested this morning charged by his housekeeper, Caroline Schmidt, with choking and bumping her head against the wall. The trouble arose over \$16 due Caroline for services rendered. In police court McIntyre gave \$500 bonds for appearance next Tuesday.

PARTIAL TO ACTRESSES.

Arrest Follows a Callow Youth's Invitation in a Jersey Theatre.

Paterson, N. J., March 1.—During the performance Monday night in the Eden Theatre a youth in one of the front rows walked up to the footlights, displaying a roll of bills, asked the actresses to come out and join him. Detective Lord was called in and found that the lad was Michael McCallaghan, fifteen years old, for whom he had been searching for a week, on a charge of stealing \$75 from the till of James Arata, a fruit dealer. McCallaghan was placed under arrest.

DOG SAVES MANY LIVES.

Discovers Fire in the House and Warns Its Occupants.

New York, March 1.—Fanny, a fat Scotch terrier belonging to Mrs. Mary E. Gaffney, a widow, of No. 119 East 11th Street, and the constant companion of Mrs. Gaffney's two little granddaughters, saved many lives yesterday morning at 1 o'clock by howling and barking.

Mrs. Gaffney, aroused, rushed down stairs in her night clothes. She was confronted by dense smoke. Dimly Mrs. Fanny, in the basement hall, and in the dining room, a couch on fire. She ran up stairs screaming "Fire!"

Joseph Gaffney rescued his two little children. The smoke by this time was so thick that he was obliged to wrap them in blankets to keep them from being asphyxiated. He carried them out, and then with Frank Leary, three pals and tubfuls of water on the blazing sofa and woodwork and managed to extinguish the flames before the department arrived. Leary was badly burned on the face and hands. Mrs. Gaffney after the fire said she would not part with Fanny for her weight in gold.

BURIED UNDER FALLING WALL.

Six Men Injured by the Collapse of a Brick Building.

Chester, Pa., March 1.—The wall in one of a number of three-story brick residences in course of erection in Kerlin Street collapsed this morning. Six men were injured, three of them seriously. Injured: William R. Risher, bricklayer; Frank Risher, bricklayer; Martin Risher, bricklayer; William Risher, bricklayer; William Risher, bricklayer; William Risher, bricklayer.

MR. CHOATE'S VOYAGE ENDED.

The St. Paul, on Which He is a Passenger, Sighted.

Southampton, March 1.—The American line steamer St. Paul has been sighted and will arrive here at 4 o'clock this afternoon.

Hon. Joseph H. Choate, who is a passenger on the St. Paul, will be received by a delegation headed by the Mayor of Southampton and the city officials.

INHERITANCE TAX HOLDS.

Provisions in the War Revenue Act Declared Constitutional.

Chicago, March 1.—Judge Seaman, in the United States circuit court, decided yesterday in the case of Shirley T. High that the inheritance tax imposed under the war revenue act is constitutional.

FOR HAWAII'S GOVERNMENT.

No Provision as Yet Adopted for Alien Contract Labor.

The Naval appropriation bill was laid before the Senate this morning at the instance of Mr. Hale, who yielded the floor to Mr. Cullum to submit some remarks on the bill to provide a government for Hawaii. Mr. Cullum said he did not